1 2	RACHEL C. HERNANDEZ Acting United States Attorney District of Arizona	
3	JACQUELINE SCHESNOL Arizona State Bar No. 016742 Assistant U.S. Attorney Two Renaissance Square 40 N. Central Ave., Suite 1800 Phoenix Arizona 85004	
5		
6	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 Telephone: 602-514-7500 Email: incapaline schemol@usdoi.gov	
7	Email: jacqueline.schesnol@usdoj.gov Attorneys for Plaintiff	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
10	United States of America,	No. CR 23-01809-002-PHX-DGC
11	Plaintiff,	
12	VS.	UNITED STATES' SENTENCING
13	Isaac Ray Godfrey,	MEMORANDUM
14		
	Defendant.	
	Defendant.	
16	Defendant.	ndant" or "Godfrey") pleaded guilty to Count
16 17	Defendant. Defendant Isaac Ray Godfrey ("Defendant Isaac Ray Godf	ndant" or "Godfrey") pleaded guilty to Count rchase of a Firearm, and Aid and Abet. The
16 17	Defendant. Defendant Isaac Ray Godfrey ("Defendant Isaac Ray Godf	rchase of a Firearm, and Aid and Abet. The
16 17 18	Defendant. Defendant Isaac Ray Godfrey ("Defer 14, Material False Statements During the Pu United States concurs with the recommenda	rchase of a Firearm, and Aid and Abet. The
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at ¶¶ 36, 40, and 72. This results in a Guidelines range of 46–57 months' imprisonment.

A recommendation of a custodial sentence below the Guidelines is supported by the

following Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

A grand jury indicted Defendant Godfrey on December 20, 2023. (Doc. 1.) Defendant Godfrey entered a guilty plea on October 29, 2024. (Doc. 79.) Godfrey pleaded guilty to Count 14 of the Indictment, Material False Statements During the Purchase of a Firearm and Aid and Abet, in violation of 18 United States Code §§ 922(a)(6), 924(a)(2), and 2.

The facts giving rise to Godfrey's crime are detailed in the plea agreement and further detailed in the Draft PSR, including the fact he purchased 55 firearms on behalf of and in coordination with his co-defendant. Approximately two dozen firearms have been recovered, mostly in California, in as little as 31 days from time of purchase to recovery, up to several hundreds of days to recover.

In addition to the facts in the plea agreement, it is important to consider these facts as well: Co-defendant Kevin Lewis is a convicted felon. Lewis used money transfers, CashApp,² Green Dot,³ and cash withdrawals to transfer money to Defendant Godfrey and other co-defendants, which enabled them to purchase firearms for Lewis. Specifically, Kevin Lewis sent money to Godfrey through CashApp, gave Godfrey cash, and allowed Godfrey to use his debit card for the purchase of firearms (Defendant Godfrey used Kevin Lewis' green dot debit card on 2 occasions to purchase firearms at one FFL, and Godfrey used Kevin Lewis' Wells Fargo debit card on four occasions to purchase firearms at the same FFL. Finally, Defendant Godfrey twice violated conditions of his pretrial release. (Doc. 76 and 104.)

¹ The precise number fluctuates as firearms continue to be recovered.

² Cash App is a financial platform. Users can send/receive money they have in their Cash App account. Cash App offers a free Visa debit card linked to the user's Cash App balance. Cash App does provide banking services (even though they are not a bank) through its bank partners.

³ Green Dot is a prepaid debit card company. It is also a payment platform company and is the technology platform used by Apple Cash, Uber, and Intuit.

II. UNITED STATES'S SENTENCING RECOMMENDATION

Based on the analysis below, the United States recommends that Godfrey receive a custodial sentence below the Guideline range, in the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") followed by a term of three-years' supervised release. As calculated in the PSR, Defendant Godfrey has a Total Offense Level of 23, Criminal History Category I, and a Guidelines range of 46–57 months' imprisonment. The United States will dismiss the remaining counts of the Indictment at the time of sentencing.

A. A Custodial Sentence in BOP is Appropriate under § 3553(a)

The Sentencing Guidelines range is the "starting point and the initial benchmark" for all sentencing proceedings and should be "kept in mind throughout the process." *United States v. Carty*, 520 F.3d 984, 991 (9th Cir. 2008) (en banc) (citations omitted). The Sentencing Guidelines range is not presumed to be reasonable, but instead is only one of the § 3553(a) factors to be considered by the Court. *Id.* (citations omitted). When a court determines that a sentence outside of the Guidelines range is warranted, it must "consider the extent of the deviation and ensure that the justification is sufficiently compelling to support the degree of the variance." *Id.* (quoting *Gall v. United States*, 552 U.S. 38, 50 (2007)). As such, "a major departure should be supported by a more significant justification than a minor one." *Id.* at 992 (quoting *Gall*, 552 U.S. at 50).

In the present case, based on the reasons set forth herein, the United States submits that a prison sentence below the Guidelines for Defendant Godfrey is a fair and just sentence, which is sufficient but not greater than necessary as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a).

1. Nature and Circumstances of the Offense

The Court must consider "the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant" when imposing a sentence. 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1). The nature and circumstances of Defendant Godfrey offense call for a prison sentence. Godfrey engaged in criminal activity, which resulted in over 50 firearms being purchased for his co-defendant. Many of the firearms were recovered out of state. The

nature and circumstances of Defendant's actions justify a prison sentence.

2. Defendant's History and Characteristics

Defendant Godfrey appears to have a close and healthy relationship with his mother and a good childhood. (Draft PSR PP 45 and 48.) He has a high school degree and some college, along with a certification to operate a forklift. (Draft PSR PP 58-59.) This is evidenced by his lack of criminal history. But with Defendant Godfrey's family support, education, and skill set, it is curious that in this instance he turned to crime to make money. It is also concerning that while he was trusted to be released pretrial with conditions, that he twice violated those condition. It is also relevant that Godfrey was relatively young when he committed this crime, and it appears COVID and supporting his mother were contributing factors to his activity. For those reasons, the United States recommends a below Guidelines prison sentence.

3. Seriousness of the Offense

Defendant Godfrey's sentence must "reflect the seriousness of the offense," "promote respect for the law," and "provide just punishment for the offense." 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(2)(A). Here, Godfrey purchased over fifty firearms. He did so with the intent of those going to a person for whom the government has not had the opportunity to conduct a background check, which has the potential to put deadly weapons into the hands of dangerous individuals. Here, firearms were, in fact, obtained for a convicted felon and many of the firearms did go out of state. This poses danger to the community, making a prison sentence appropriate.

4. The Need for Adequate Deterrence

The sentence must also "afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct." 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(2)(B). A prison sentence is appropriate to deter Defendant Godfrey from committing future crimes. The need for deterrence also extends beyond preventing recidivism by Defendant Godfrey. General deterrence is about preventing criminal behavior by the population at large and, therefore, incorporates some consideration of persons beyond the defendant. *See United States v. Politano*, 522 F.3d 69, 74 (1st Cir.

2008); *United States v. Medearis*, 451 F.3d 918, 920-21 (8th Cir. 2006) (holding that courts must give "proper weight" to general deterrence as "one of the key purposes of sentencing"). Godfrey's sentence must be sufficient to deter him and other persons who may consider similar criminal conduct.

5. Protecting the Public

The Court should also consider the need "to protect the public from further crimes of the defendant" when imposing a sentence. 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(2)(C). While Defendant Godfrey has no criminal history, the Court must be assured that the public is protected from Godfrey returning to criminal behavior. Therefore, the imposition of prison is necessary.

6. Providing Needed Correctional Treatment

The sentence imposed should provide Defendant with necessary and effective "educational or vocational training, medical care, or other correctional treatment." 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(2)(D). It is unclear whether Defendant Godfrey is in need of additional substance abuse treatment; if so, that can be addressed while he is in prison. Successful treatment could also help to protect the public from any future crimes.

B. A Three-Year Term of Supervised Release is Appropriate

The United States recommends that Defendant Godfrey be placed on supervised release for three years. This term is warranted by the nature and circumstances of Defendant's offense. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3583(c) (referencing 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1), etc.). It is also necessary to protect the public from further crimes by Godfrey and to deter him from committing additional crimes in the future. *See id.* (referencing 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(2)(B) and (C)).

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III. CONCLUSION

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The United States recommends that Defendant Godfrey receive a below Guideline sentence of imprisonment. The United States further recommends that Defendant receive a term of three-years' supervised release. For all the reasons set forth herein, this sentence is sufficient but not greater than necessary to comply with the purposes set out in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a).

Respectfully submitted this 2nd day of March, 2025.

RACHEL C. HERNANDEZ Acting United States Attorney

District of Arizona

JACQUELINE SCHESNOL Assistant U.S. Attorney

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on March 2, 2025, I electronically transmitted the attached document to the Clerk's Office using the CM/ECF System for filing and transmittal of a Notice of Electronic Filing to the following CM/ECF registrants:

Keilembo D. Ellison Counsel for Defendant Godfrey

s/J. Schesnol U.S. Attorney's Office

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